

SALVATION--HOW?

Part 1: Sin

Scripture Reading: II Peter, Chapter 3

Memory Verse: I John 3:4

1. Why do we have such pollutions, sickness, accidents, death in war, adultery, poisonous spraying to prevent wormy fruit, deformed babies, and loss of respect, etc.? Deuteronomy 28:15. Read the rest of this chapter to see the curses.
2. How can we receive blessings instead of curses? Deuteronomy 28:1-2; Exodus 15:26. Read of blessings in Deuteronomy 28:3-14; Leviticus 26:1-13.
3. In our curses of pollution and bombs, etc., will man bring about complete destruction of life on the earth? Matthew 24:22.
4. What is the name for disobedience to Yahweh's law? I John 3:4.
5. How many of us have sinned (broken Yahweh's law)? Romans 3:23; Isaiah 53:6; Ecclesiastes 7:20.
6. What is the end result of sin? Romans 6:23.
7. Is there a hope (*for all of us*) to be saved from eternal

death? What must be done? II Peter 3:9; Luke 13:3; Acts 17:24-30. *The word “perish” in II Peter 3:9 is translated from the same Greek word as “lost” in John 17:12; the meaning is: to destroy fully (See Strong’s Concordance).*

NOTE: We see that man suffers because of disobeying Yahweh’s law. Transgression of the law is called “sin”. All have sinned. Sin brings death. No one need perish forever if he repents.

Part 2: Repentance

Scripture Reading: Romans, Chapter 6

Memory Verse: Acts 2:38

1. How many (*comparatively*) will repent, and be saved from eternal death? Matthew 7:14.
2. What is one thing Yahshua did; and with what kind of people? Matthew 9:13 (*last part*).
3. What does a person become at the time of repentance? Acts 3:19. *See Strong’s Concordance or a dictionary for the meaning of “converted”*. What is another descriptive word for these people? Revelation 2:7, 17, 26; 3:5, 12; 21:7. What do they overcome?
4. What leads us to repentance? Romans 2:4.

5. What is the great law (*main set of rules*) that Yahshua shows are being kept by those that inherit eternal life? Matthew 19:16-19. Paul also indicates this law in Romans 7:7. You may read all these ten commandments in Exodus, Chapter 20.
6. If we repent and begin to obey Yahweh, may we repeatedly, willfully, return to sin and again repent? Hebrews 6:1-6; 10:26; Luke 9:62.
7. What else is a repentant sinner to do? Acts 2:38; Romans, chapter 6.

NOTE: A repentant person realizes that he has sinned against the Almighty Creator of the universe. He is sorry for his sins. He repents (thinks differently) and desires to (indeed, begins to) obey his supreme heavenly Father, Yahweh.

Part III: Baptism

Scripture Reading: Colossians, Chapter 3 & 4:1-6

Memory Verse: Ephesians 4:5

1. Why are we to be baptized? Acts 2:38; John 3:5. “*Baptize*” means “*to make whelmed,*” “wholly cover with a fluid,” “*immerse.*”
2. Was Yahshua baptized? Matthew 3:13-16. Are we to follow His example? I Peter 2:21.

3. In what name are we to be baptized? Acts 2:38; 19:5; Matthew 28:19*. The name is “Yahshua”. He is messiah, master, son, saviour, lamb, etc.; but His name is “Yahshua”.
4. How many names are there whereby we must be saved? Acts 4:10-12. Into whom are we baptized? Romans 6:3.
5. Does our burial in water represent another burial? Romans 6:3-5; Colossians 2:12.
6. What part of us is to remain buried (destroyed)? Romans 6:6, 11; Colossians 3:9.
7. Yahshua was raised to a new life. Should we also? Romans 6:4; II Corinthians 5:17; Galatians 6:15; Ephesians 4:22-24; Colossians 3:10; I Peter 4:1-3.

NOTE: “YAHshua bears the short form--YAH (Psalms 68:4) of His Father’s name YAHweh; therefore, when we baptize in YAHshua’s name, we also have the Father’s name. The Set-Apart Spirit also, is sent in the name of Yahshua (John 14:26).

Part IV: The Atonement

Scripture Reading: Romans, Chapter 5

Memory Verse: Romans 5:9

1. Does our keeping the commandments justify us so that we may be saved? Galatians 2:16; Romans 3:20. "Justify" means "to render innocent."
2. What is necessary for our justification? Romans 5:8-9; I John 1:7. Why is blood used? Leviticus 17:11, 14.
3. Before Yahshua's death, what blood was used for atonement and remission? Leviticus 1:5, 10, 11. Were these animals blemished? Leviticus 1:3, 10.
4. Was blood shed after Adam sinned? Genesis 3:21.
5. Did the blood of animals take away sins? Hebrews 10:4, 11.
6. Whose blood did that of the animals typify? Hebrews 10:8-10, 12, 14. Must we pay for Yahshua's offering? Ephesians 2:8-9; Romans 5:15-17. What is this graciousness, this favor, this gift, called? Acts 15:11; I Corinthians 1:4; Ephesians 2:8; Titus 3:7; Genesis 6:8.
7. After reconciliation, atonement (Romans 5:11), and justification through Yahshua's death and blood; what is it that finally saves us? Romans 5:10; I Peter 3:21. Why? John 14:19; I Corinthians 15:20; I Peter 1:3; I Thessalonians 4:14.

NOTE: By FAITH, both men of old and today are justified (Romans 5:1-2; Ephesians 3:12). Anciently, they believed Yahshua's bloodshed would come--today, we believe it

has been shed. The blood has always been through the death of an innocent substitute. Both the animals and Yahshua, the ultimate Lamb, without blemish, were innocent of committing the sins.

Part V: The Name

Scripture Reading: John 17:1-12, 25, 26

Memory Verse: Acts 4:12

1. Who created all things, including the way for our salvation? Revelation 4:11; Psalms, Chapter 148; Jonah 2:9*.
2. Will a time come when all who call on the name of Yahweh, shall be delivered (protected)? Joel 2:32; Acts 2:21; Romans 10:13.
3. Will these people be ones who know of Yahweh, and believe Him? Romans 10:14. Who will know His name? Isaiah 52:6.
4. Does a true believer believe on Yahshua's name also? John 1:12; 3:18; I John 3:23; 5:13.
5. Does a true believer, who is to be saved, do more than just believe Yahweh exists, and call upon His name? James 2:14-26.

6. Will there be deception in Yahweh's and Yahshua's name? Jeremiah 14:14; Matthew 24:5.
7. Did Yahshua declare Yahweh's name to His people? John 17:6, 12, 26. Should we proclaim it? Psalms 96:1-10. How is it described? Psalms 111:9; 99:3; Deuteronomy 28:58; Luke 11:2; Exodus 3:15; Psalms 135:13.

*NOTE: *The name is "Yahweh." Some Bibles have "LORD," "GOD," or "Jehovah" where it was יהוה (Yahweh) in the original. Our Saviour "YAHshua," came in His Father's name (John 5:43) and bears the short form of it ("YAH"--Psalms 68:4).*

Part VI: Love and The Commandments

Scripture Reading: I John 5:1-13

Memory Verse: John 14:15

1. What are the Ten Commandments? Exodus 20:3-17.
2. Did Yahshua come to abolish the law? Matthew 5:16-20. In fact, He magnified the law. Verses 21-22, 27-28.
3. What did Yahshua tell the man to do if he would have eternal life? Matthew 19:16-19. Who have right to the tree of life? Revelation 22:14.

4. Are the commandments grievous, or are they a royal law of love and liberty? I John 5:3; James 2:8; John 14:15; I John 2:3-5; II John 6; James 1:25; 2:12.
5. Whom did Yahshua say to love? Matthew 22:37-19. What is yet hanging on these two laws? Verse 40 (see front cover)*. Does Yahweh also love us? John 3:16.
6. What must we do so we will not believe lies, and perish? II Thessalonians 2:10-11.
7. What helps us obey Yahweh, and keep His commandments? John 14:16-17, 26; I John 4:13; John 15:26; 16:13; I John 2:27.

*NOTE: *Keeping the first four of the ten commandments, specially shows our love for Yahweh. Keeping the last six of the ten commandments, specially shows our love for our fellow man. This is in perfect agreement with what Yahshua said in Matthew 22:37-40. The word "iniquity" means "violation of law" in Matthew 7:23; 13:41; 23:28; 24:12; Romans 6:19; II Thessalonians 2:7; Titus 2:14; Hebrews 1:9.*

Part VII: The Covenant and Promise

Scripture Reading: Isaiah 56:1-8

Memory Verse: Revelation 21:7

1. To whom were promises made? Galatians 3:16.
May we inherit these promises? Verses 27-29; Galatians 3:7.
2. What was the great promise to Abraham? Why?
Genesis 22:18; 26:4-5.
3. What were the children of Israel to do to receive the blessings of Yahweh's covenant? Leviticus 26:3. How long is the Sabbath to be observed? Exodus 31:16. It is a sign between Yahweh and His people Exodus 31:17; Ezekiel 20:12, 20. Were the children instructed on Holy Days? Leviticus 23; Deuteronomy 16.
4. Although a good health practice, is circumcision necessary for salvation today? Genesis 17:11; John 7:22; Romans 4:11.
5. When did Yahweh promise eternal life? Titus 1:2.
6. What are some promises for obedience? Exodus 15:26; I John 3:22; Psalms, Chapter 91.
7. What are some promises to those who overcome sin and lawlessness? Revelation 2:7, 17, 26; 3:5, 12; 21:7.

NOTE: The saved ones will not be those every learning but not coming to the knowledge of the truth (II Timothy 3:7); nor will they be denying the POWER of Piety (verse 5). The Messiah, Yahshua, as King, will rule with POWER and LAWS (Revelation 19:15). The saints keep the com-

mandments (Revelation 14:12), and have right to the tree of life (Revelation 22:14). The Sacred Name (Psalms 111:9) and the Sabbath (Isaiah 56) are two important points of the law (third and fourth commandments). HalleluYah!

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